

A decorative grid pattern of thin blue lines curves from the bottom-left corner towards the top-right, creating a sense of depth and movement. It is positioned on the left side of the page, partially overlapping the title area.

DATA DICTIONARY - **DISCLOSURE CONTROLS**

## DATA DICTIONARY - AUDITOR ENGAGEMENTS

### Overview

The auditor engagements data set has one row per SEC registrant that is matched based on a proprietary algorithm to the current auditor of record according to the most recent “Engaged Auditor Date” (Auditor Changes), “Signature Date” (Audit Opinions) and “Year Ended” (Auditor Fees).

### Data Field Definitions

The following field names are in bold for the name as it appears on our web site downloads; the field names as they appear in our data feeds are in italics.

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## DATA DICTIONARY - DISCLOSURE CONTROLS

### Registrant General Information

#### Company

*name*

Registrant's current name as filed with the SEC. Programmatically extracted and matched from the sec.gov's registrant header page.

#### CIK Code

*company\_fkey*

Edgar's Central Index Key. Unique numeric identifier for each registrant. Programmatically extracted and matched from the sec.gov's registrant header page.

#### IRS Number

*irs\_number*

IRS employer identification number (EIN) disclosed in the registrant's most current periodic report.

#### Ticker

*ticker*

Registrant's current stock ticker symbol as of the most recent business day. Programmatically extracted and matched from a third party data provider.

#### Market

*market*

Principal exchange the registrant's stock currently trades on. Programmatically extracted and matched from a third party data provider.

#### Bus Street 1

*bus\_street\_1*

Current business address information. Programmatically extracted and matched from the sec.gov's registrant header page.

#### Bus Street 2

*bus\_street\_2*

Current business address information. Programmatically extracted and matched from the sec.gov's registrant header page.

#### City

*bus\_city*

Current business address information. Programmatically extracted and matched from the sec.gov's registrant header page..

#### State Code

*bus\_state*

Current business address information. Programmatically extracted and matched from the sec.gov's registrant header page.

## DATA DICTIONARY - DISCLOSURE CONTROLS

### Registrant General Information *(continued)*

#### State Name

*bus\_state*

Current business address information. Translation of state code field.

#### Parent CIK

*parent\_company\_fkey*

The CIK Code of the parent company, if the registrant is the subsidiary of another SEC registrant. Assigned by internal researchers.

#### Parent Name

*parent\_company\_name*

The name of the parent company, if the registrant is the subsidiary of another SEC registrant. Assigned by internal researchers.

#### SIC Code

*sic\_code\_fkey*

4 digit SIC industry code. Programmatically extracted and matched from the sec.gov's registrant header page.

#### SIC Description

*sic\_code\_description*

Translation of SIC Code.

#### NAICS Code

*naics\_code\_fkey*

6 digit NAICS industry code. Assigned by internal researchers.

#### NAICS Description

*naics\_code\_description*

Translation of NAICS Code.

## DATA DICTIONARY - DISCLOSURE CONTROLS

### Disclosure Control Information

#### Source

*form\_fkey*

Indicates the SEC form from which this data row's information has been obtained.

#### Source Date

*file\_date*

Date on which the filing was submitted to the SEC.

#### Period Ended Date

*period\_ended\_date\_num*

Period ended date for which the management's assessment of disclosure controls corresponds.

#### Effective Disclosure Controls<sup>1</sup>

*is\_effective*

Indicates whether the management found the registrant's disclosure controls to be effective.

#### Material Weakness<sup>1</sup>

*material\_weakness*

Indicates whether the management indicated a material weakness existed in the registrant's disclosure controls.

#### Other Deficiencies / Disclosures

*significant\_deficiency*

Indicates whether the management indicated other deficiencies or disclosures regarding the effectiveness of their disclosure controls

#### Accounting Rule (GAAP/FASB) Application Failures

*\_noteffectiveaccountingrule*

Indicates that the assessment of disclosure controls identified accounting rule application failures. The particular reasons for the failures noted are listed.

<sup>1</sup> Note regarding registrants that disclose effective Disclosure Controls while having a Material Weakness: In Audit Analytics, a researcher can search for registrants that claim to have effective Disclosure Controls while also having a Material Weakness. Some registrants affirmatively declare such a situation. In addition to these registrants, the database results will list registrants that are in the grey area that can arise during the transition period that occurs after the implementation of a remediation. Some registrants that disclose effective Disclosure Controls are premature in their claim of a remediation of a Material Weakness. For example, a registrant may claim a weakness is remedied by the implementation of a training program when, in fact, a remedy would not result until the training was completed. In other disclosures, a registrant may provide assurances of a remedy, but couch them in contingent or indefinite language. When reviewing 302 Disclosures that discuss the remediation of a Material Weakness, the analyst requires an unequivocal declaration of a complete and adequate remediation before the analyst will conclude that the Material Weakness is truly remedied. Under this approach, an analyst may not remove the identification of a Material Weakness in the database even though the registrant declared a remediation and effective Disclosure Controls. When this situation occurs, the registrant will appear in the database as claiming effective Disclosure Controls while also having a Material Weakness. Audit Analytics places these grey-area registrants in this category in order to identify their borderline status and allow the researchers to assess the registrant's condition by reading the actual text of the management disclosure available in the database.

## DATA DICTIONARY - DISCLOSURE CONTROLS

### Disclosure Control Information *(continued)*

#### Financial Fraud, Irregularities and Misrepresentations

*\_noteffectivefinancialfraud*

Indicates that the assessment of disclosure controls identified financial fraud, irregularities and misrepresentations. The particular reasons for the failures are listed.

#### Errors in Accounting and Clerical Applications

*\_noteffectiveerrors\_reason\_phrases*

Indicates that the assessment of disclosure controls identified errors in accounting and clerical applications. The particular reasons for the errors are listed.

#### Other – Disclosure Control Weakness

*\_noteffectiveother\_reason\_phrases*

Indicates that the assessment of disclosure controls identified other disclosure control weaknesses. The particular reasons are listed.

## DATA DICTIONARY - DISCLOSURE CONTROLS

### Registrant Financial Information

#### Financial Data

The financial data points are matched on the quarterly period end date. Please note that when the “Financials Date” field is null or zero, it signifies that we were unable to match corresponding financial information to the data row in question.

#### Stock Price

*matchqu\_price\_close*

Closing price of the registrant’s equity on the date specified (see field Stock Price Date). This value is used to calculate the year end market capitalization.

#### Stock Price Date

*matchqu\_price\_date*

Corresponding date for the Stock Price field.

#### Market Cap

*matchqu\_total\_shares\_outstanding\_market\_cap*

Market capitalization as of Stock Price Date. Calculated by multiplying total shares outstanding as of Stock Price Date times Stock Price.

#### Financials Date

*matchqu\_date\_ttm*

Corresponding year ended date for the Revenue, Earnings, Book Value and Assets fields.

#### Revenue

*matchqu\_incmst\_revenue\_ttm*

Corresponds to the past year’s Total Revenue usually found as the first item on the Income Statement. Note that for banks and financial institutions revenue includes both interest and non-interest income. In addition banks and financial institutions do not include write downs or losses of any kind when calculating Total Revenue.

#### Earnings

*matchqu\_incmst\_net\_income\_ttm*

Corresponds to the past year’s Net Income and is a calculated field (Revenues – Expenses) usually found as a line item on the Income Statement.

#### Book Value

*matchqu\_balsh\_book\_value*

Corresponds to the year end Book Value and is a calculated field (Total Stockholders’ Equity – Goodwill – Intangible Assets).

#### Assets

*matchqu\_balsh\_total\_assets*

Corresponds to the year end Total Assets and is usually found as an item on the Balance Sheet.



## DATA DICTIONARY - DISCLOSURE CONTROLS

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### Contact

For more information about online subscriptions, data feeds and custom reports please contact:

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